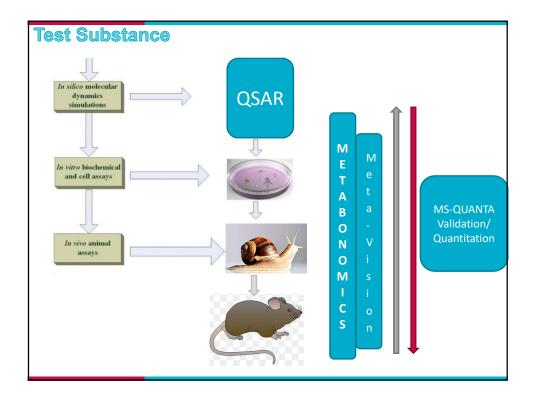
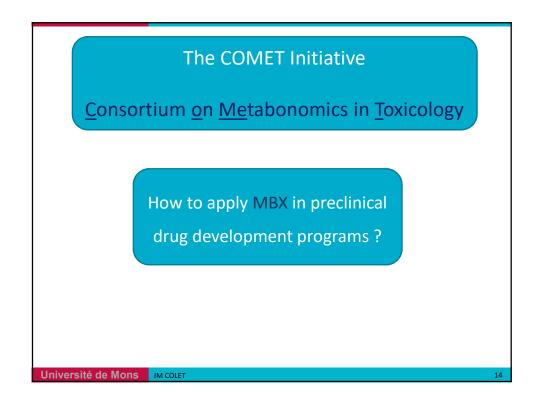


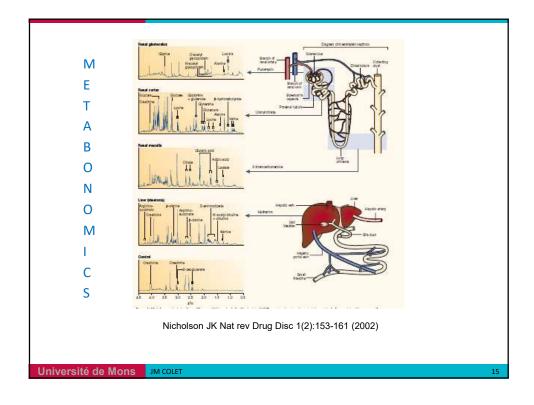


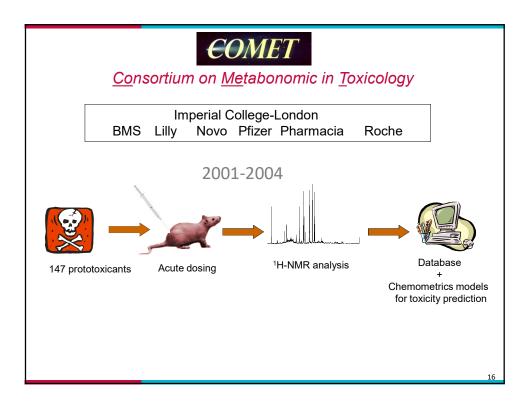


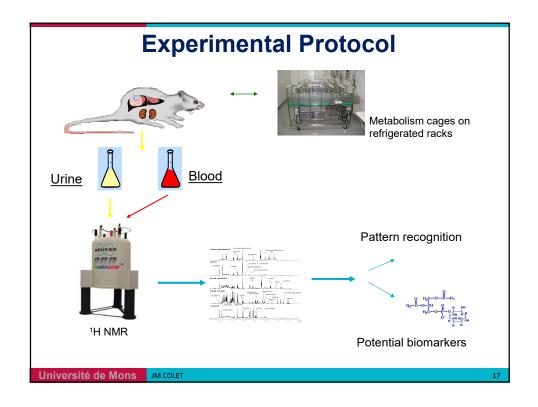
MS-Quanta
 I High Resolution mass Spectrometers : Exploratory quantitative analysis in DDA and DIA mode Relative quantitative profile of more than 2000 targets Triple TOF 3600+ (SCIEX) Q Extractive (Thermo Scientific) Triple TOF 6600 (Sciex) Q Extractive Plus (Thermo Scientific) High sensitivity and high speed mass spectrometers : SRM/MRM/PRM analysis Simultaneous quantification (multiplex mode) > 50 targets Qtrap 6500+ (Sciex) Xevo TQ-S (Waters) High resolution mass spectrometers in mass or space : FT-ICR SolarX XR (Bruker) MALDI-TOF/TOF Rapiflex (Bruker)
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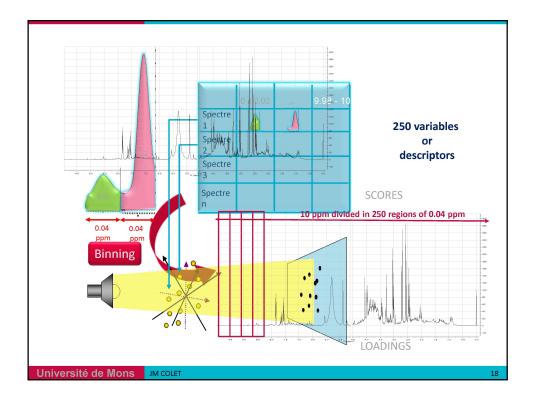


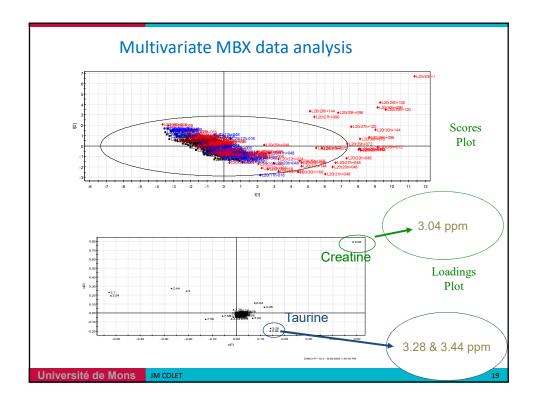


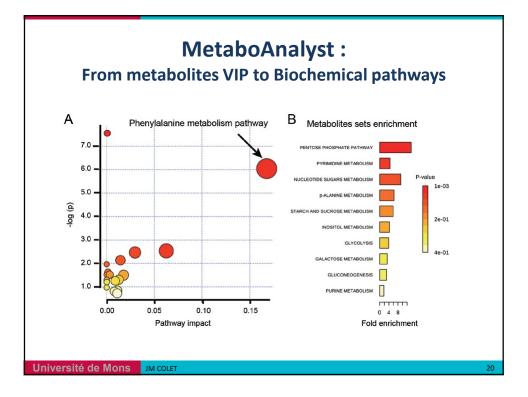


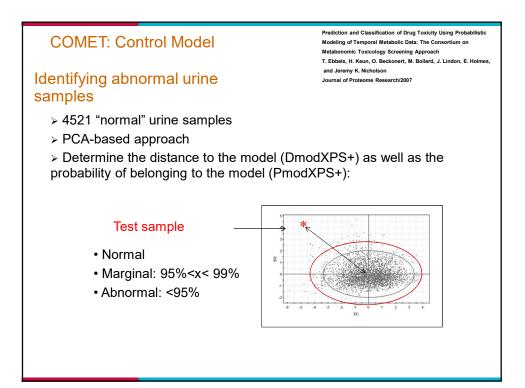


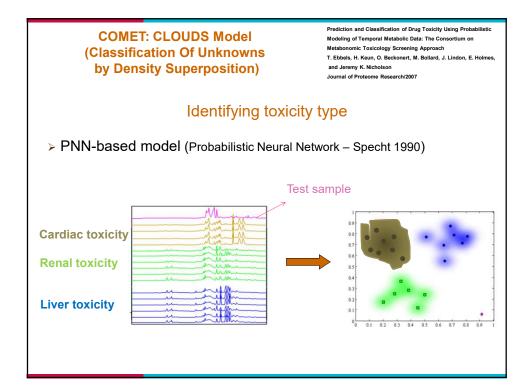


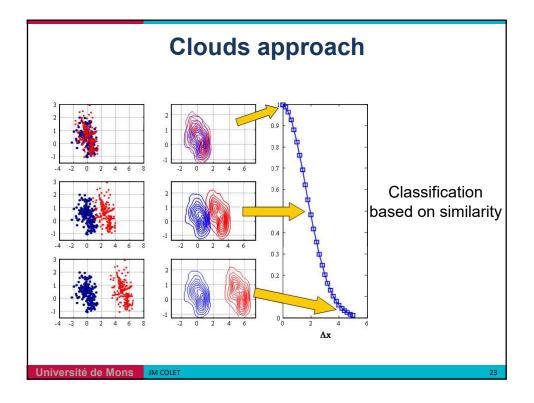


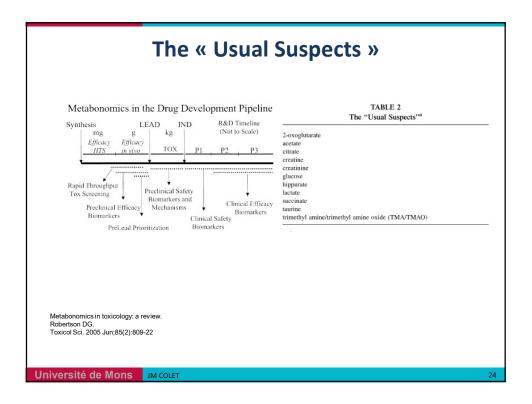








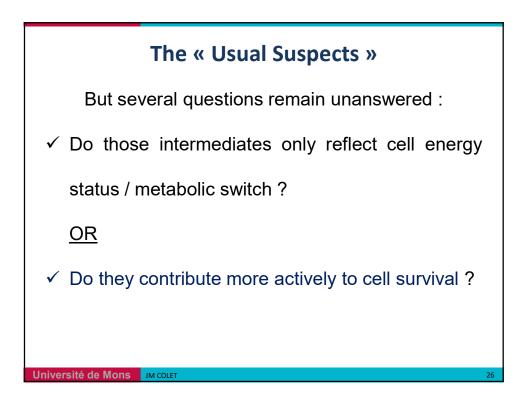


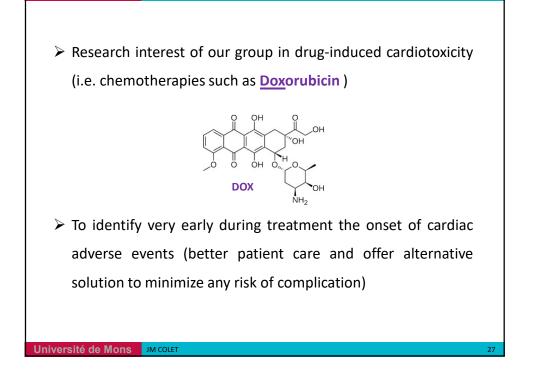


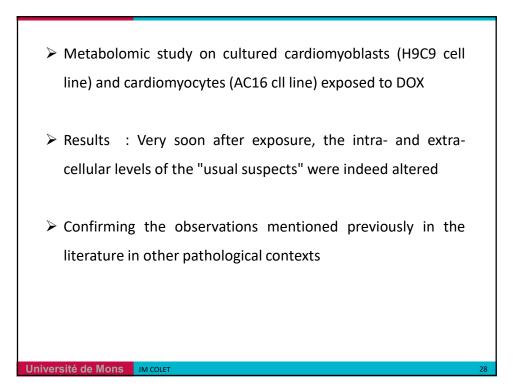
The « Usual Suspects »

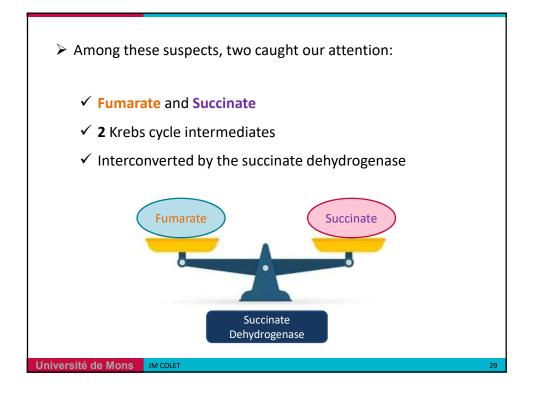
- Whatever the pathological case or the experimental model, at very early stages of the pathological process, a series of recurrent metabolites seem to be systematically recruited by the impacted cells to maintain the homeostasis essential to their survival
- > Among those " usual suspects " :
 - Some osmoprotectors (betaine and taurine)
 - Some antioxidants (glycine, cysteine, glutamate/glutamine as precursors of glutathione)
 - Others, such as <u>Krebs cycle intermediates</u>, indicators of cellular energy imbalance

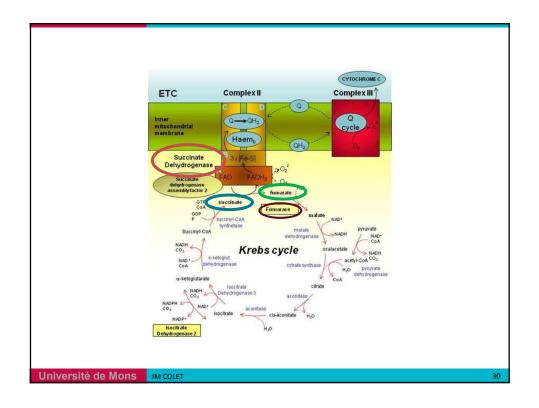
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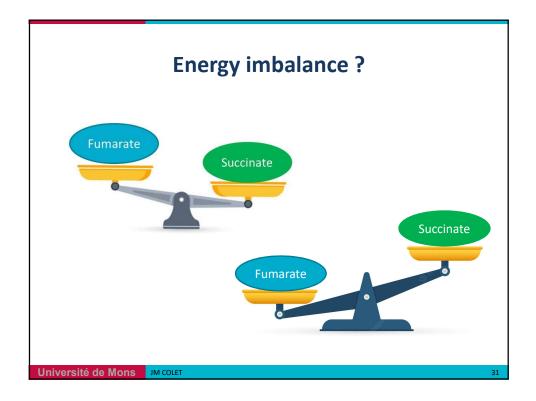


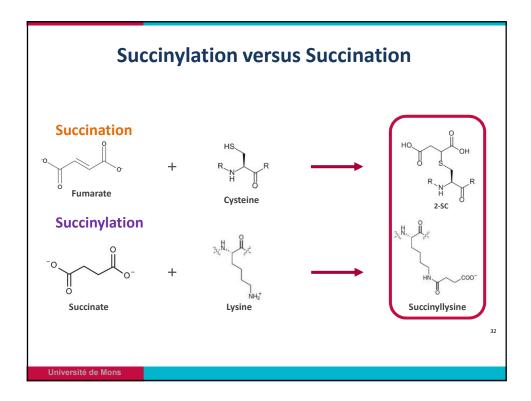


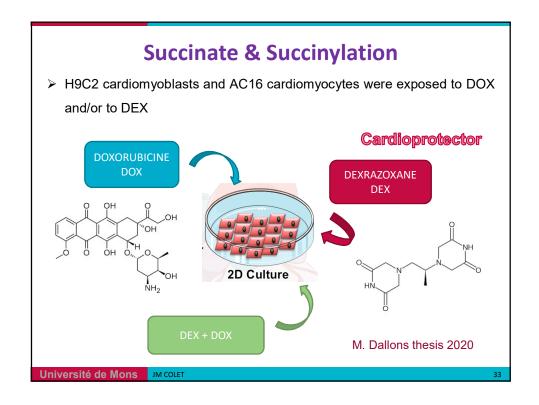


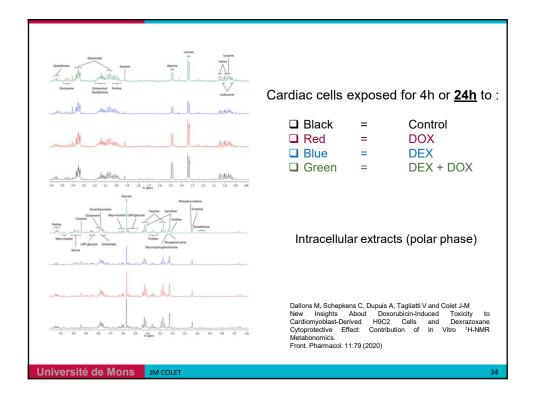


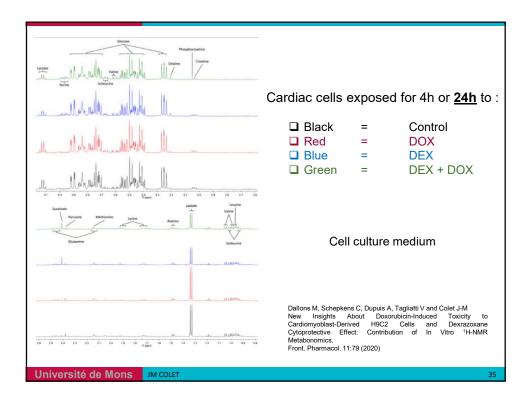


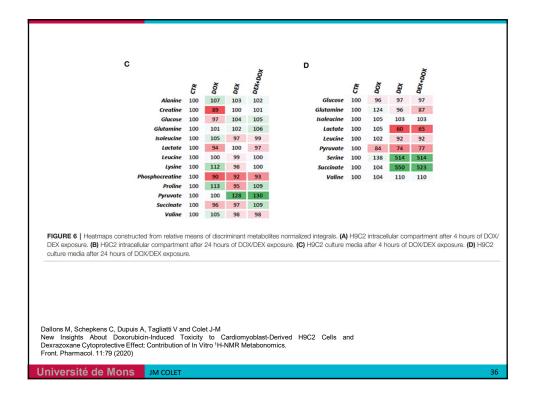


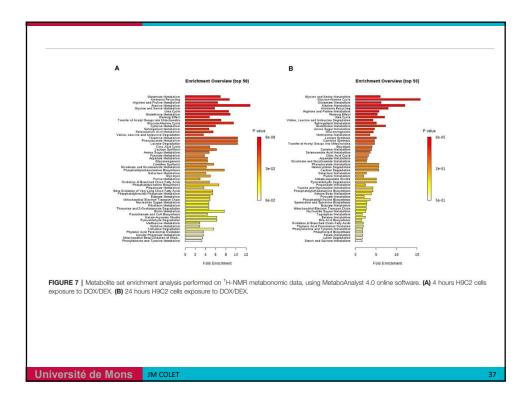


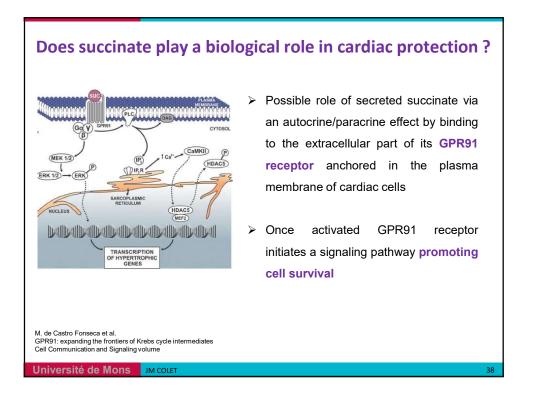


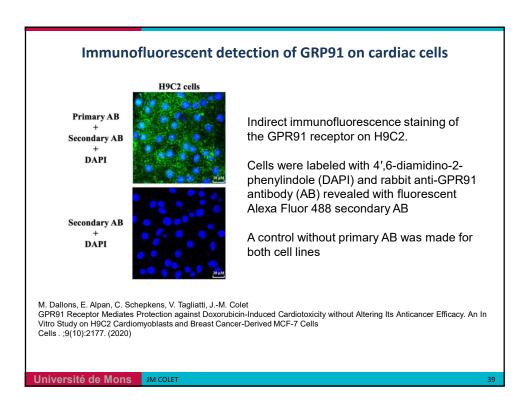


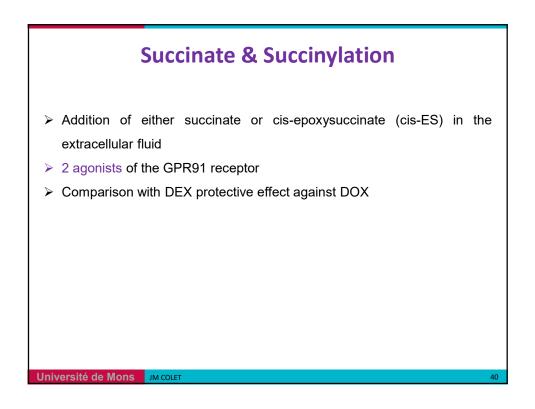


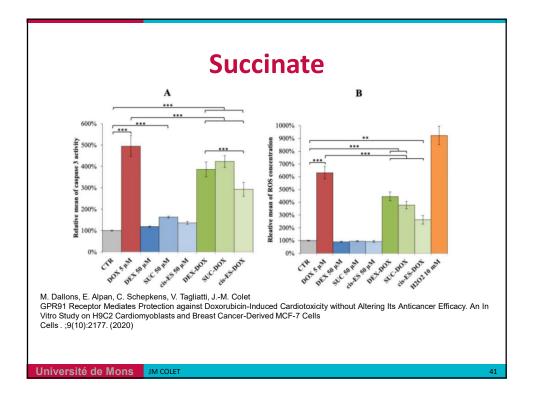


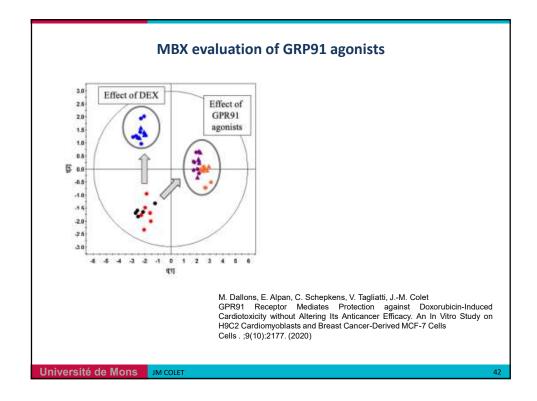




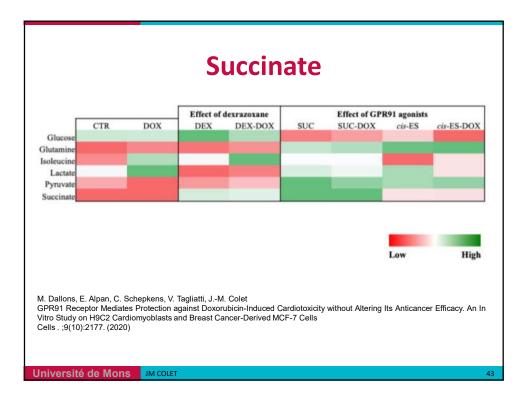


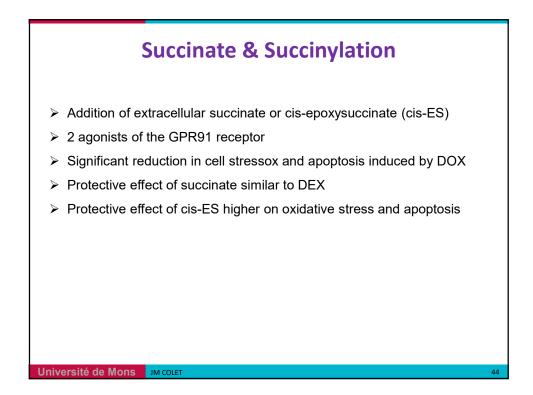


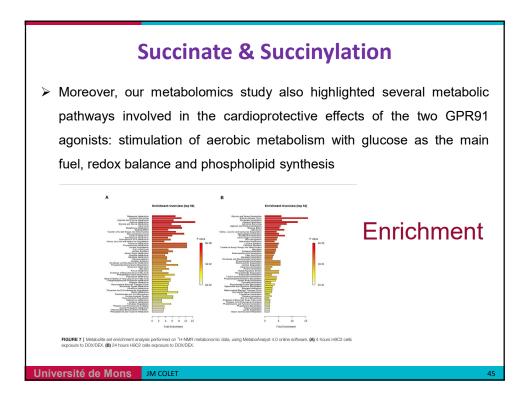


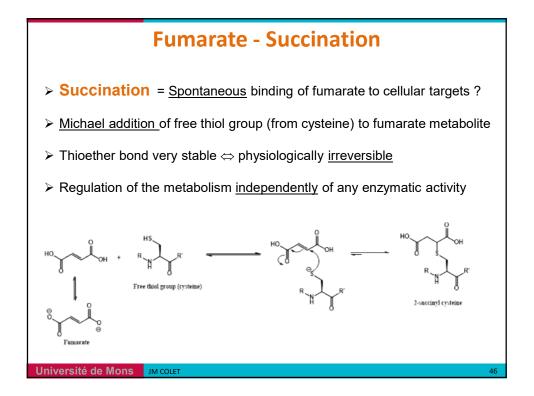


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- Fumarate accumulates during hypoxic episodes and acts as a competitive inhibitor of prolyl hydroxylase
- Fumarate = oncometabolite (by stabilizing HIF)
- Enzyme inhibitor (i.e., glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase, a glycolytic enzyme)
- Succination of key proteins often occurs during a germline mutation of the fumarase gene (also called fumarate hydratase), an enzyme converting fumarate in malate in the Krebs cycle
- This mutation is for instance present in the case of renal cancers and in the Leiomyomatosis disease

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Fumarate - Succination

- In excess, fumarate intensively undergoes an addition reaction of cysteine residues of target proteins, significantly impacting different metabolic pathways
- Succination is favored by the inhibition of the activity of the Krebs cycle and respiratory chain, 2 events commonly observed in drug cardiotoxicity

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Fumarate - Succination

- Finally, as the level of cellular 2-succinyl cysteine (2-SC) can be considered as a biomarker of succination and its potentially adverse consequences, a <u>rabbit polyclonal antibody directed against 2-SC</u> has been marketed by the company Discovery® Antibodies
- It is currently the only test to assess cellular levels of 2-SC. However, its <u>effectiveness is questioned</u> in the literature due to issues related to its non-specificity which calls for the development of a more robust detection method for succination.

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Fumarate - Succination

> In this context, our group is currently working on two goals :

- 1. To develop a new MS-based protein succination detection methodology (addition of Di-Ethyl-Fumarate DEF)
- 2. Evaluate the possible succination reaction of SUMO-1 (Small Ubiquitin-like Modifier -1) and its impact in cardiotoxicity

